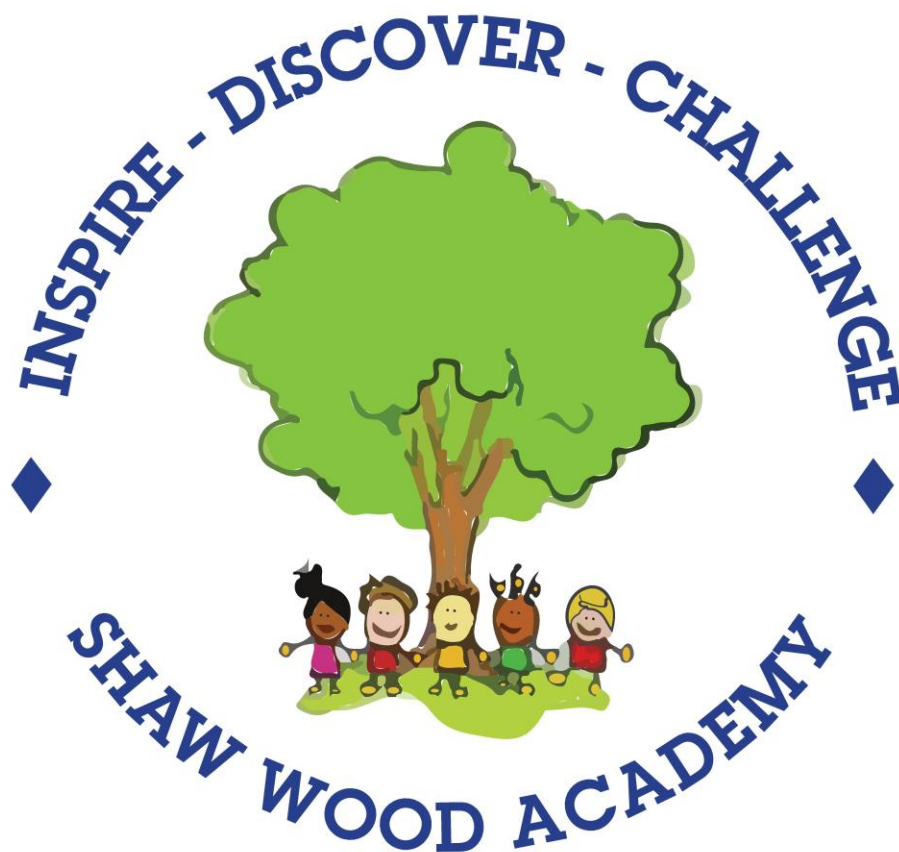


# SHAW WOOD ACADEMY



## RISK ASSESSMENT POLICY

<u>Date Prepared : November 2020</u>	<u>Prepared By : MR</u>	<u>Review Date : November 2022</u>
<u>Approved By Governors:</u>	<u>Signed By Chair:</u>	<u>Dated By Chair:</u>

## **Risk Assessment Policy**

### **INTRODUCTION**

This policy is designed to assist the school in fulfilling their legal duties in assessing risks. Risk management is the consideration of the risks that arise in the workplace and then putting in place sensible health and safety measures to control them.

In accordance with our duties under the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 2000, the school is required to undertake regular risk assessments and take any necessary action arising from these according to provisions set out in the Health and Safety policy and elsewhere.

The Executive Headteacher is responsible for making sure that risk assessments are completed, logged and effectively monitored. Reviews are conducted when there is any change to equipment or resources, any change to the school's premises, or when particular needs of a child or other visitor necessitate this.

The Executive Headteacher is further responsible for conducting any necessary reviews or making changes to the school's policies or procedures in the light of any potential risks that they or other members of staff discover.

A visual inspection of both the equipment and the entire premises – both indoor and outdoor – will be carried out daily. This will, ordinarily, be carried out by a designated member of staff (Site Manager) on arrival at the school and will be completed before any children arrive.

During the school day, staff will be vigilant and continuously aware of any potential risks to health and safety arising from:

- the School's environment, both indoors and outdoors;
- all surfaces, both indoors and outdoors;
- all equipment used by children or staff.

On discovering a hazard, staff will take all steps necessary to making themselves and any other people potentially affected safe. They will then notify the Business Manager and ensure that a record is made in the Site Manager Book.

The Executive Headteacher is then responsible for ensuring that any necessary action is taken.

As already stated, the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations (NI) 2000 require that suitable and sufficient assessments of the risk arising out of work are carried out.

**Put simply, a risk assessment is finding out what could cause harm to people and deciding if you have done enough or need to do more to protect them.**

# **The Process of Risk Assessment**

## **What can be risk assessed?**

A risk assessment can be undertaken on an object or substance, a process, a location, an activity, or a person. It is a five step process:

Step 1: Identify the hazards

Step 2: Decide who might be harmed and how

Step 3: Evaluate the risks and decide on precautions

Step 4: Record your findings and implement them

Step 5: Review your assessment and update if necessary

## **What is a hazard?**

A hazard is anything which can cause harm e.g. electricity, chemicals, etc

## **What is risk?**

Risk is the chance, high or low, that somebody could be harmed by these and other hazards, together with an indication of how serious the harm could be.

## **Evaluating the risk**

Having spotted the hazards, you then have to decide what to do about them. The law requires you to do everything 'reasonably practicable' to protect people from harm. You can work this out for yourself, but the easiest way is to compare what you are doing with good practice. There are many sources of good practice, for example HSE's website ([www.hse.gov.uk](http://www.hse.gov.uk)) CLEAPSS, etc.

So first, look at what you're already doing think about what controls you have in place and how the work is organised. Then compare this with the good practice and see if there's more you should be doing to bring yourself up to standard.

In asking yourself this, consider:

Can I get rid of the hazard altogether? If not, how can I control the risks so that harm is unlikely? When controlling risks, apply the principles below, if possible in the following order:

- try a less risky option (e.g. switch to using a less hazardous chemical);
- prevent access to the hazard (e.g. by guarding);
- organise work to reduce exposure to the hazard (e.g. put barriers between pedestrians and traffic);
- issue personal protective equipment (e.g. clothing, footwear, goggles etc); and
- provide welfare facilities (e.g. first aid and washing facilities for removal of contamination).

Involve staff, so that you can be sure that what you propose to do will work in practice.

## **WHAT IS A RISK ASSESSMENT?**

The Health and Safety Executive (HSE) defines a risk assessment as "a careful examination of what in your work could cause harm to people so that you can weigh up whether or not you have taken enough precautions or should do more to prevent harm". The assessment will help you to identify the likelihood of harm and whether you can reduce the risk to a reasonable level, through the introduction of control measures.

## **The five step process is as follows:**

### **Step 1: Identify the hazards**

Divide your work into manageable categories considering:

- Location
- Activities
- Equipment
- People

Identify the Hazards:

- Chemical – paint solvents/exhaust fumes
- Biological – bacteria
- Physical – noise/vibration
- Psychological – occupational stress

### **Step 2: Decide who might be harmed and how**

For each hazard you need to be clear about who might be harmed, identify the groups of people – such as staff members or members of the public/pupils. Identify how they might be harmed i.e. what type of injury or ill health might occur.

### **Step 3: Evaluate the risks and decide on precautions**

Consider how likely it is that each hazard will occur and what control measures you already have in place. Have the control measures in place got rid of the hazard altogether or reduced the risk so that harm is unlikely, if the task has not been adequately controlled what further actions are required. If any further actions are required the name of the person responsible for actioning the task should be recorded along with the projected completion date with the actual completion recorded in the completed column.

### **Step 4: Record your findings and implement them**

Putting the results of your risk assessment into practice will make a difference when looking after our staff and pupils.

### **Step 5: Review your assessment and update if necessary**

Risk assessments need to be reviewed and if necessary updated every year. However a review will be required sooner if an incident or accident occurs, or there are significant changes to the premises, staff or procedures.

## **DEFINITION OF A HAZARD AND A RISK**

**Hazard:** A hazard is anything that may cause harm such as chemicals, electricity, working from ladders, an open drawer, etc.

**Risk:** The risk is the chance, high or low, that somebody could be harmed by these and other hazards, together with an indication of how serious the harm could be.

## **TYPES OF RISK ASSESSMENTS**

There are three different types of risk assessments. These are generic, specific and dynamic.

Generic activities are those which although they are carried out at different times and locations, the hazards and risks are largely the same and do not change. For this type of activity generic risk assessments can be produced as a model for guidance only.

A specific risk assessment may be applicable where the hazards and risks are only applicable to a certain activity and also where there is a requirement in legislation to undertake a specific assessment for example COSHH, new and expectant mothers.

A dynamic risk assessment is a continuous process of identifying the hazards that occur in for example an emergency situation, assessing the risks and taking immediate action to eliminate or reduce these to an acceptable level.

## **GENERIC RISK ASSESSMENTS**

This policy contains a generic risk assessment template which has been produced to assist our school with the risk assessment process and should form a good foundation for identifying hazards, assessing risks and implementing controls.

The form needs to be adapted by a competent person from our establishment, who can complete the rest of the form having considered the generic hazards, risks and control measures listed on the form and adding any site specific items identified.

## **HOW TO ADAPT A GENERIC RISK ASSESSMENT**

1. The person carrying out the assessment identifies which template is applicable to their particular activity. They would take the following steps:
2. Review the activities and hazards and record these on the risk assessment.
3. Record the level of the risk considering the likelihood of occurrence and the potential consequences.
4. A decision should then be made to determine whether the task/activity is adequately controlled. If additional control measures are identified these should be noted on the risk assessment.
5. The risk assessment is not signed off until the action to be taken has been completed and reviewed. The named person assigned responsibility for ensuring that the control is put in place should be inserted then sign off the risk assessment. It will then need reviewing and signing off by the Executive Headteacher.

Any action that cannot be closed off by the person carrying out the assessment should be brought to the attention of the appropriate person/s, e.g. building supervisor, Principal and a plan put in place to close out such actions. Some actions may be on-going and this should be indicated on the risk assessment. It would be good practice that any action plan arising out of the risk assessment process is presented to the Board of Governors for their information, approval and action if required.

The risk assessments will then need to be reviewed and if necessary updated, every year or so. A review will be required sooner if an incident or accident occurs, or there are significant changes to the premises, staff or procedures.

## **FURTHER GUIDANCE**

If you require any further assistance with completing these generic risk assessments contact the school office and review the HSE website.

**BLANK RISK ASSESSMENT**



**SHAW WOOD ACADEMY – RISK ASSESSMENT**

<b>Name and Location of Site</b>	
<b>Description of Activities</b>	
<b>Number of Children Present</b>	
<b>Age of Children</b>	
<b>Number of Adults Present</b>	
<b>Person in Charge of Activities</b>	
<b>Hazards and Risk Levels</b>	
<b>Action to be taken to Eliminate / Control the Risk</b>	
<b>Review Date</b>	
<b>Signed By</b> _____ <b>Reviewed By</b> _____	

